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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/674,553	09/30/2003	Erik J. van der Burg	3791	5764
21834 7550 0309/2011 BECK AND TYSVER P.L.L.C. 2900 THOMAS AVENUE SOUTH SUITE 100 MINNEAPOLIS. MN 55416			EXAMINER	
			BLATT, ERIC D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3734	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/03/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. | Applicant(s) | Office Action Summary | 10/674,553 | VAN DER BURG ET AL. | Examiner | Art Unit | 3734 | The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

ETE Blatt 3734	
 The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply 	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time resig he available under the provisions of 37 CFR I.198(a). In no event, however, may a reply be limity filed after SIX (6) MONTH'S from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH'S from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or cartendad period for reply with, by task aRADONED (38 U.S.C, § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned period term term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.740(b).	
Status	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 November 2010. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims	
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-5 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on series as accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.	
Attachment(s)	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)	

Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsocracu's Fatent Drawing Seview (FTO-947)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s/Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Notice of Informal Patent Application Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10-8-2010 has been entered

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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Claims 1-5 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 4 and 7, of U.S. Patent No. 6.152.144. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other. Claim 4 of the '144 patent recites providing a delivery catheter and a device for occluding a body cavity wherein the device comprises an occluding member and a retention member wherein the retention member is an self-expandable member configured to conform to an inside surface of the left atrial appendage. The delivery catheter and the device for occluding a body cavity are substantially structurally equivalent to the deployment catheter and the implantable device recited in the present application. The '144 patent recites positioning at least a portion of the occluding device into the left atrial appendage and enlarging the device therein to seal against the inside surface of the left atrial appendage. The claimed methods are thus substantially equivalent with the exception that the implantable device comprises an impervious barrier (pending claim 1), that the impervious barrier is a mesh impervious barrier (pending claim 4), and that the device is released from the deployment catheter after the device is enlarged within the left atrial appendage (pending claim 5). The '144 patent recites that the device is intended to seal and occlude the atrial appendage. Therefore, it would have been obvious to have the occluding member of the device comprise an impervious barrier in order to accomplish the desired seal. Further, it would have been obvious to have the impervious barrier comprise a mesh since mesh barriers were well known and their use would not have produced unexpected results. Regarding releasing the device from the deployment catheter, the '144 patent recites

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deploying the device. This recitation implies that the device is released from the deployment catheter. Alternatively, it would have been obvious to release the device in order to leave the device in the desired occlusive position.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1-5 are allowable if all double patenting issues are overcome. None of the prior art discloses a method for preventing passage of embolic material from an atrial appendage of a patient comprising the step of positioning a device having an impervious barrier into the ostium of the left atrial appendage and enlarging the device such that the impervious barrier extends across the laft atrial appendage in order to prevent passage of embolic material from the atrial appendage.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eric Blatt whose telephone number is 571-272-9735. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:00 AM-6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Jackson can be reached on 571-272-4697. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/E. B./ Examiner, Art Unit 3734

/Gary Jackson/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3734 February 28, 2011